| Description of Reading Promotion Activity/ Action READING MOMENTS |  |
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| Reaches disadvantaged pupils / families | $\square$ yes $\quad \square$ no $\quad \square^{x}$ yes but not only |
| Multilingual activity | $\square^{7 \text { yes }} \quad \square^{\mathrm{x}}$ |
| Action especially for | $\square^{\text {girls }} \quad \square^{\text {boys }} \square^{\text {x }}$ both |
| Involves parents | $\square$ yes $\quad x^{\text {no }}$ |
| Utilizes ICT | yes $\quad \mathrm{x}^{\text {no }}$ |
| Objective (s) | - Children to develop a reading culture and form reading communities. <br> - To engage children in reading for pleasure and enhance their reading habits. |
| Age level (s) | 6-12 |
| Preferable number of participants | 15-30 |
| Duration | About 2 hours a week could be used for independent reading, if a teacher applies the following actions. |
| Setting, materials, and preparation | Place: Classroom, library, school premises |
| Step -by-step description | "Dedicating a large part of the instructional block for independent reading may seem impossible in our current standards-based world of high-stakes testing [...] There are creative ways, however, to carve out extra reading time for your students, even if you have a very structures routine, just by maximizing the moments of a typical class day" (Miller, 2009: 52-53). <br> Here are some moments which a teacher can "steal," according to Miller: <br> CLASSROOM INTERRUPTIONS <br> During the early weeks of school, students practice getting out their books whenever there are classroom interruptions. At the beginning, the teacher prompts students to read when |

LIFELONG READERS
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\begin{array}{|l|l|}\hline & \begin{array}{l}\text { there is an interruption; students gradually internalize this } \\
\text { procedure, first as habit and finally as a desire to steal more } \\
\text { reading time with their favourite books. } \\
\text { WHEN THE BELL RINGS } \\
\text { The bell rings; students enter the classroom in the morning } \\
\text { or after recess; they get their books out and start reading. } \\
\text { Not only are students quiet and working, but they are also } \\
\text { engaged in an activity that improves their reading skills and } \\
\text { habits. } \\
\text { WHEN STUDENTS ARE DONE } \\
\text { Students who are done with their assignments are rewarded } \\
\text { by taking this stolen time to snuggle up with their favourite } \\
\text { books. This habit does not just keep fast students busy so } \\
\text { that they do not distract the rest of the class; it encourages } \\
\text { them to become lifelong readers. }\end{array}
$$ \\

PICTURE DAY\end{array}\right\}\)| A lot of time is wasted on the day students have their |
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| pictures taken at school. Teacher and students reclaim the |
| waiting time as reading time, by taking their books to picture |
| day. Teacher holds students' books in a basket while they get |
| their pictures taken; then the students take their books, sit |
| against the wall, and read while waiting for the rest of the |
| class. |
| Waiting for assemblies, riding buses and standing in lines, are |
| only a few of the many other moments a class could steal for |
| independent reading. |

